Safety Performance





in the Western Australian mineral industry

Incident and injury statistics 2023–24





lost time injuries



restricted work injuries



fatality

Fatal incident

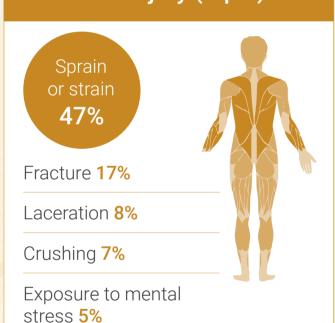


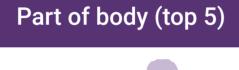
Fitter machinist

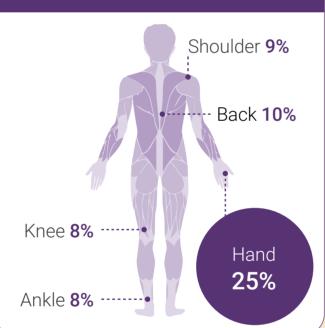
A 21-year-old fitter machinist was fatally injured during construction of a paste plant when they were struck by an unmanned 25 tonne mobile crane that rolled down a slope.



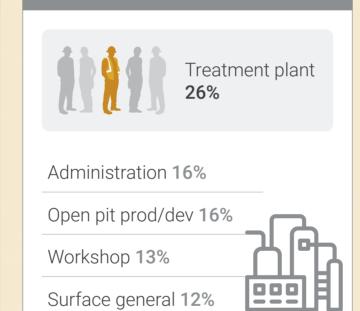
Nature of injury (top 5)







Location (top 5)



Hours by commodity



The total hours worked for all commodities was 278.0 million hours



Iron ore had **125.7** million hours worked

45% of all hours worked



Gold had **63.8** million hours worked

23% of all hours worked



8% of all hours worked



8% of all Nickel had 20.9 million hours worked hours worked



5% of all hours worked

LTIFRs



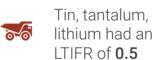


Iron ore had an LTIFR of 2.6

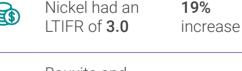


decrease \(\formall^*\)









3	Bauxite and alumina had an LTIFR of 4.4	10% decrease	1
---	--	-----------------	----------

RWIFRs



The RWIFR for all commodities



increase



1% decrease



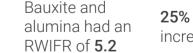
Nickel had an 26%

decrease Ψ



increase

decrease



RWIFR of 4.4



Lost time injury (LTI)

hours worked

Work injury that results in an absence from work for at least one full day or shift any time after the day or shift on which the injury occurred.

Restricted work injury (RWI)

Work injury (not LTI) that results in the injured person being unable to fully perform his or her ordinary occupation (regular job) any time after the day or shift on which the injury occurred.

Lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR)

Number of lost time injuries per million hours worked.

Restricted work injury frequency rate (RWIFR)

Number of restricted work injuries per million hours worked.



