



# **Quarterly Performance Snapshot**

for the Western Australian minerals sector

Issued June 2025

# For three-month period 1 April - 30 June 2024

The quarterly performance snapshot shows lost time and restricted work injury and incident data provided to WorkSafe by the minerals sector for a three-month period. The snapshot can be used by PCBUs and workers to assist in the development and promotion of safe work practices on mining operations.

For more information about injuries and incidents in the minerals sector, please visit our website: www.worksafe.wa.gov.au



WorkSafe WA



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## Injuries by age

Age range with the greatest percentage of injuries was 30–39 years (28%)





Age range **20–29** was the second highest (**26%**)

## Injuries by severity



**1** fatal injury



130 lost time injuries



258 restricted work injuries

## Injuries by occupation

#### Surface



Processing plant occupations had the most injuries with 17%

**Mechanical fitters** had the second highest with **16**%

#### Underground



Services occupations had the most injuries with 20%

**Loading, transport occupations** had the second highest with **16%** 

# Injuries by location

#### Surface



Treatment plants / ore processing had the most injuries with 32%

Administration areas had the second highest with 23%

#### Underground



Production / development areas had the most injuries with 77%

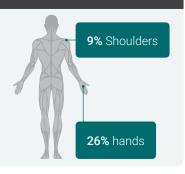
Access / haulage ways had the second highest with 14%

#### Injuries by part of body

Hands were the most injured body part with 26%



Shoulders were second highest with **9%** 



#### Injuries by nature



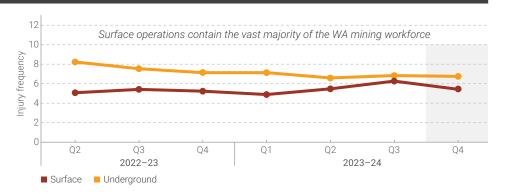
Sprains and strains were the most common nature of injury with 48%



Fractures were the second highest with 16%

## Injury frequency rate (number of injuries per million hours worked)

The overall frequency rate decreased to 5.6 in 2023–24 Q4 (Apr – Jun) from 6.4 in the previous quarter.



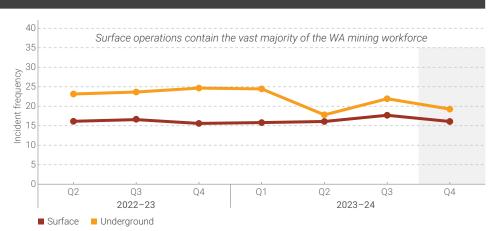
## Notifiable incidents frequency rate (number of incidents per million hours worked)

Specific types of incidents, including near misses, are required to be reported to WorkSafe.

This reporting is important to identify trends and clusters of incidents that need to be addressed to help prevent injuries.



What is the reporting culture like at your site?



Injury frequency rate by most worked commodity (number of injuries by commodity per million hours worked)

#### 2023-24 Q4:

Commodity	Hours (mil)	Frequency
Iron ore	33.2	5.7
Gold	16.6	4.7
Tin, tantalum, lithium	6.0	3.8
Nickel	4.4	7.2
Bauxite and alumina	3.4	10.6

